# Sexual and gender-based harassment in sports

In cooperation with: The Finnish Olympic Committee, Finnish Center for Integrity in Sports and Väestöliitto (the Family Federation of Finland)









### Harassment in sports

- + Harassment and bullying also occur in sports
- + Risk factors include, for example, an authoritarian coaching style and strong gender stereotypes
- + Common understanding is the key in prevention
  - + What is allowed-what is not
- + Touching is part of various sports in various ways
  - + Different ways of touching: guaranteeing safety, guiding and helping, encouraging
  - + Verbalising touching and asking for permission
  - + The right to refuse touching



A girl in the national team said that the team's coach had touched her bum and asked about her period.

The coach comes too close to me in training and touches me even when not trying to explain things like how to swing the racket.

Hopefully young girls would be able to talk about things more openly and not have to experience any kind of harassment.



However this [sexually charged comments or jokes] should be addressed in certain situations, especially when the athletes are younger and sensitive and their bodies and minds are still developing.

At tournaments, in training, on the road.
Not just during one year, either; this has been the case more or less throughout my sports career.

I've heard and seen coaches send harassing messages to athletes and verbally harass and insinuate. Calling people a whore is actually very common and I've witnessed it very, very many times.



### What is sexual harassment?

Unwanted verbal, non-verbal or physical sexual behaviour

- + Sexually suggestive gestures or facial expressions
- + Sexual talk, double entendres, calling people gay or a whore, comments and questions about people's bodies, clothes or intimate private life
- + Sexually charged messages, e-mails, telephone calls, images and videos, posts on social media

Sexually harassing a person under the age of 16 may constitute an offence



### What is gender-based harassment?

Unwanted behaviour targeted at gender, gender identity or the expression of gender

- + Derogatory comments on another person's gender
- + Bullying based on the gender of the person being bullied

My abilities as an ice hockey player or as an athlete altogether are quite often questioned based on my gender. It's definitely men who say these things.



### What is a sex offence?

An act violating the bodily integrity of a person or the normal development of a child

- + Sexual abuse of a child
  - + persuading a child for sexual purposes
  - + touching a child's breasts, genitals, backside or thighs
  - + sexual proposals, comments and messages targeted at a person under the age of 16
  - + showing sexual materials to a child
  - + having intercourse with a person under the age of 16
- + Sexual harassment
- + Rape



### Harassment can have serious consequences

- + Depression
- + Anxiety
- + Self-esteem issues
- + Guilt
- + Stress
- + Difficulties in sports (absences, weakened performance)



### Encourage people to talk

Talking about sexual harassment is difficult, especially due to the harasser's position of authority (e.g. coaching relationship), the shame and the fear of consequences

--- I wanted to avoid conflict and be nice so that I wouldn't get into trouble. Fellow athletes also do not want the sport or team to be "tarnished" by unfavourable stories. We love our sport and we want to raise awareness of it, which is why we sugar-coat and hide unpleasant things (I have also done this, as have those around me).



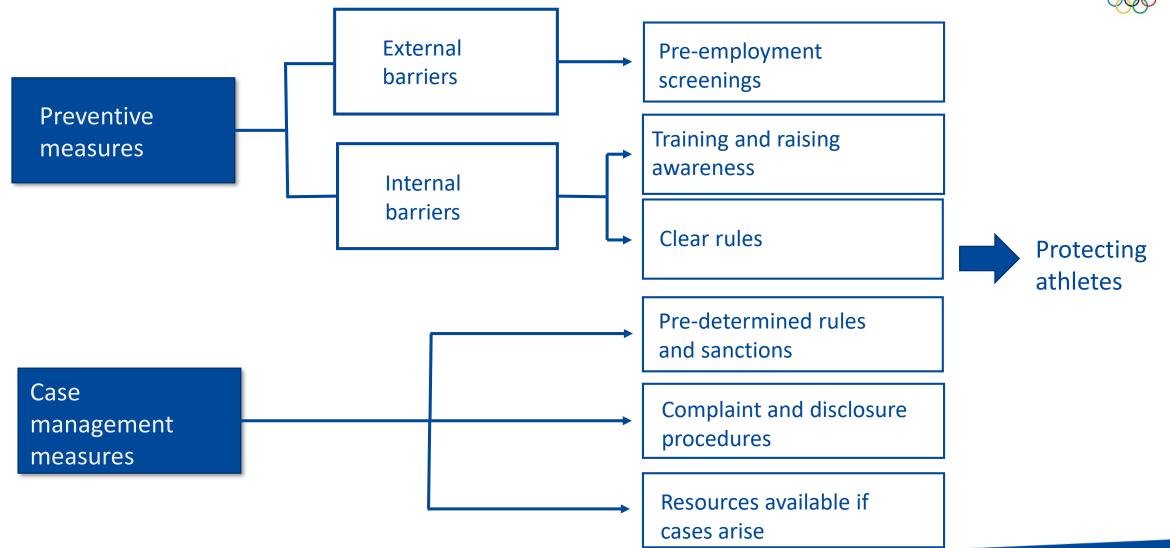
## All sport club operators must know

- + What is or is not allowed
- + What are the approaches for addressing harassment
  - + Who to tell or how to act if someone experiences inappropriate treatment
- + How the club addresses occurrences of inappropriate treatment

Actively collecting feedback from athletes is one way to encourage people to open up

### Model for addressing harassment







## Preventing inappropriate behaviour

- 1. Check criminal background
- 2. Draw up common rules
- 3. Appoint persons in charge
- 4. Communicate the rules and persons in charge on the website
- 5. Create an operating model for addressing inappropriate behaviour
- 6. Educate and train your personnel
- 7. Raise awareness of harassment as a phenomenon
- 8. Collect feedback on the satisfaction of the amateurs, athletes and employees



### Instructions on actions if harassment is suspected

- 1. Receive the complaint and take it seriously
- 2. Decide who will handle the case
- 3. Assess the need for reporting an offence or contacting child welfare services
  - + If you are unsure, contact the police for advice
- 4. When there is no reason to suspect a crime: Listen to all sides
- 5. Make decisions
- 6. Draw up a written summary
- 7. Inform the individuals involved of your decision



## What to do when suspecting a sex offence

- 1. Contact the police
- 2. Submit a child welfare notification
- Do not share information on an ongoing investigation but address the inappropriate behaviour
- 4. Organise professional help



If you are unsure about whether there is reason to suspect a sex offence, always consult the police or contact services such as <u>Victim Support Finland</u> or <u>Et ole yksin ('You are not alone')</u>.





### Väestöliitto

- + Materials for various parties:
- Preventing inappropriate behaviour in sports clubs
- Material bank
- Online training





# Suomen Olympiakomitea

+ Lupa välittää, lupa puuttua

('Permission to care, permission to intervene') guidebook

+ Material bank





# Finnish Center for Integrity in Sports (FINCIS)

- + ILMO report an ethical violation
- + FINCIS surveys





#### SAMALLA VIIVAI

Selvitys liikunnan ja urheilun tasa-ar ja yhdenvertaisuudesta Suomessa

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Always take things seriously and take actions

# Know your responsibility

Clear rules protect everyone and help address and protect everyone

If you are unsure, ask for advice